## Student Knowledge and Skills Tracker For Year 9

## Year 9

Term 1 Phase 1: Development	Check 1	Check 2	Final check
know what the term development means with			
reference to this topic.			
l know what a LIDC, EDC and AC are.			
know several characteristics of a LIDC, EDC and AC.			
l know what is meant by empirical data.			
I know how the economic development of a country			
can be measured.			
I know how the quality of life within a country			
measured.			
can make inferences regarding the characteristics of			
a location, according to its social and economic			
development data.			
I can explain why the UK considered to be an			
'Advanced Country'.			
know several factors that help to explain why Ghana			
is a LIDC.			
l can construct a balanced discussion on			
the most significant factor or factors			
that can influence development.			
I can describe what the 'development gap' is.			
I know the difference between top-down and bottom-			
up strategies that can be used to close the			
development gap.			
l know how Singapore managed to close the			
development gap.			
can describe the effects of an epidemic or an internal			
conflict, on a country's level of development.			

Term 1 Phase 2: Tectonic Hazards	Check 1	Check 2	Final check
l know what a natural hazard is.			
know a range of factors that can influence a locations risk			
to a hazard.			
l know a range of factors that can influence a locations			
vulnerability to a hazard.			
I know the structure of the Earth.			
know the characteristics of each layer of the Earth's			
structure.			
I can describe the differences between oceanic and			
continental crust.			
l know what convection currents are.			
I can identify the different types of plate margin.			
I can describe the processes that are taking place along			
each type of plate margin.			
I know how tectonic plates move as a result of ridge-push			
and slab-pull.			
l know where earthquakes form.			
l know why earthquakes form.			
I know what the Richter Scale is.			
l know what the Mercalli Scale is.			
I can use grid references to locate the occurrence of tectonic			
hazards.			
l know what a volcano is.			
l know where volcanoes form.			
I know how volcanoes form.			
l can contrast a shield and composite volcano.			
I know how planning can be used to reduce the potential			
impacts of a tectonic hazard.			
I know how prediction and/or forecasting can be used to			
reduce the potential impacts of a tectonic hazard.			

Term 2 Phase 3: Urbanisation	Check 1	Check 2	Final check
I can describe patterns of urban change around the			
world.			
I can interpret data rich maps with proportional			
circles, arrows or graphs.			
I know the factors that influence urban change.			
I can identify these factors as push factors and push			
factors of rural to urban migration			
I can identify the economic, social and environmental			
impacts of rapid urban growth in unplanned			
developments.			
I can link the pattern of urbanisation with the level of			
development of that country.			
I know the reasons for the different types of urban			
change witnessed in ACs.			
I can evaluate the social, economic and			
environmental impacts of the Olympic Park			
regeneration project.			
I can identify the sustainable features of			
contemporary urban developments.			
I can provide quantitative and qualitative evidence of			
the cultural diversity of an urban area [London]			
I know how urban areas alter the climate of these			
spaces by day and by night			
I can explain how developers limit the risk of urban			
flooding using 'SUDS' Sustainable Urban Drainage			
Systems.			

Term 2 Phase 4: Ecosystems	Check 1	Check 2	Final check
I can describe global ecosystems in terms of their			
location and characteristics of plants and animals.			
I can explain the factors that influence the			
distribution of global ecosystems – latitude, altitude,			
maritime effect, ocean currents and prevailing wind.			
I can compare models of nutrients stores and flows in			
different biomes and explain these differences.			
I can identify the structure of a tropical rainforest as			
a vertical transect.			
I can identify the adaptations of both plants and			
animals of the tropical rainforest			
I can identify examples of interdependence in a			
tropical rainforest			
I can explain the causes of tropical rainforest			
deforestation			
I can identify a range of threats that indigenous			
communities face			
I can identify the role of local and global			
conservation organisations and elected governments			
in managing pristine environments.			

Term 3 Phase 5: Coasts	Check 1	Check 2	Final check
l can differentiate between constructive and destructive waves			
I can explain the processes that shape our coastlines			
l can compare different landforms that are formed by different types of erosion processes.			
l can compare landforms formed out of different rock types			
l can provide examples of landforms created by erosion			
l can provide examples of landforms created by transportation and deposition.			
l can compare the advantages and disadvantages of different types of coastal management — hard engineering and soft engineering.			
l am able to compare the management techniques employed on the Yorkshire (Holderness) and Essex (Wallaesa Island)			
l can evaluate maps that provide modelling of the impact of climate change on our coastlines			

Term 3 Phase 6: Nigeria	Check 1	Check 2	Final check
I can describe the physical characteristics of Nigeria			
I can describe the human characteristics of Nigeria,			
providing historical context for current patterns of			
settlement and trade			
I am able to analyse the role of colonialism in the			
story of Nigeria's current level of development			
I am able to provide examples of current economic			
strength and areas of growth in Nigeria			
I am able to evaluate the impacts of industrialisation			
in different part of Nigeria			
I can contrast the challenges and opportunities of			
rapid urbanisation in Lagos.			
I can evaluate the coastal management techniques			
that are being used along the coastline of Lagos			
I can interpret models of the impacts of climate	·		
change across contrasting regions of Nigeria			