

# **Intimate Care Policy**

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#### 1. Introductions

- 1.1 The Intimate Care Policy and Guidelines regarding children have been developed to safeguard children and staff. They apply to everyone involved in the intimate care of children.
- 1.2 This guidance is based on good practice and practical experience of those working with children and young people requiring intimate care.
- 1.3 These guidelines should be read in conjunction with other policies:
  - Accessibility Policy
  - Child Protection Policy
  - Health & Safety Policy
  - Staff Recruitment Policy
  - Moving and Handling Policy
  - The Medical policy
  - The School Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) policy
  - Policy on Access to Education for Children and Young People with medical Needs
  - Anti-bullying policy

#### **Character Development: Commitment to Equality and Diversity**

This school is founded on a set of fundamental values designed to enable all students and adults connected with our community to flourish and succeed, regardless of background or circumstances. We are determined to be open to people, places, methods and ideas—and as such, equality and diversity are at the heart of everything we do. Our continued dedication to social justice and equality of opportunity is embodied in everything we do.

We are creating an **inclusive** school community where:

- People are treated with dignity and respect.
- Inequalities are challenged.
- We anticipate, and respond positively to, different needs and circumstances so that everyone can achieve their potential.
- We value diversity and we recognise that different people bring different perspectives, ideas, knowledge and culture, and that this difference brings great strength.
- We believe that discrimination or exclusion based on individual characteristics and circumstances, such as age; disability; caring or dependency responsibilities; gender or gender identity; marriage and civil partnership status; political opinion; pregnancy and maternity; race, colour, caste, nationality, ethnic or national origin; religion or belief; sexual orientation; socio-economic background; trade union membership status or other distinctions, represents a waste of talent and a denial of opportunity for self-fulfilment.



- We recognise that patterns of under achievement at any level and differences in outcomes can be challenged through positive intervention activities designed to bridge gaps.
- We respect the rights of individuals, including the right to hold different views and beliefs. We will not allow these differences to be manifested in a way that is hostile or degrading to others.
- We expect commitment and involvement from all our staff, students, partners and providers of goods and services in working towards the achievement of our vision.

#### 2. Definition of Intimate Care

2.1 Intimate care is any care which involves washing, touching or carrying out an invasive procedure that most children carry out for themselves but which some are unable to do due to physical disability, special educational needs associated with learning difficulties, medical needs or needs arising from the child's stage of development.

Care may involve help with drinking, eating, dressing and toileting. Help may also be needed with changing colostomy bags and other such equipment. It may also require the administration of rectal medication.

2.2 In most cases intimate care will involve procedures to do with personal hygiene and the cleaning of equipment associated with the process. In the case of a specific procedure only a person suitably trained and assessed as competent should undertake the procedure.

## 3. Aims

- 3.1 The aims of this document and associated guidance are:
  - To provide guidance and reassurance to staff
  - To safeguard the dignity, rights and well-being of children and young people
  - To assure parents that staff are knowledgeable about intimate care and
  - That their individual needs and concerns are taken into account

#### 4. Principles

- 4.1 This document embraces tenets of Every Child Matters:
  - Every child has the right to feel safe and secure
  - Every child has the right to be treated as an individual
  - Every child has the right to remain healthy
  - Every child has the right to privacy, dignity and a professional approach from all staff when meeting his or her needs
  - Every child has the right to information and support that will enable him or her to make informed and appropriate choices
  - Every child has the right to be accepted for who they are, without regard to age, gender, ability, race, culture or beliefs



• Every child has the right to information and procedures for any complaint or queries he or she may have regarding intimate care

#### 5. Working with Parents

- 5.1 Partnership with parents is an important principle in any educational setting and is particularly necessary in relation to children needing intimate care. Much of the information required to make the process of intimate care as comfortable as possible is available from parents, including knowledge and understanding of any religious/cultural sensitivities.
- 5.2 Prior permission must be obtained from parents before Intimate care procedures are carried out.
- 5.3 Parents should be encouraged and empowered to work with staff to ensure their child's needs are identified, understood and met. This will include involvement with Individual Education Plans (I.E.Ps), Health Care plans and any other plans that identify the support of intimate care.
- 5.4 Exchanging information with parents is essential through personal contact, telephone or correspondence. However information concerning intimate care procedures should not be recorded in home/school books as it may contain confidential information that could be accessed by people other than the parent and staff member.

#### 6. Writing an Intimate Care Plan

- 6.1 Where a routine procedure is required an intimate care plan should be agreed in discussion with the child, school staff, parents and relevant health personnel. The plan should be signed by all who contribute and reviewed on an agreed basis.
- 6.2 In developing the plan the following should be considered:

#### a) Whole School implications

- The importance of working towards independence
- Arrangements for home-school transport, sports day, school performances, examinations, school trips, swimming, etc.
- Who will substitute in the absence of the appointed person.
- Strategies for dealing with pressure from peers e.g. teasing/bullying particularly if the child has an odour

#### b) Classroom management

- The child's seating arrangements in class
- A system for the child to leave class without disruption to the lesson
- Avoidance of missing the same lesson all year due to medical routines
- Awareness of a child's discomfort which may affect learning
- Implications for PE e.g. discreet clothing, additional time for changing
- 6.3 All plans must be clearly recorded to ensure clarity of expectation, roles and responsibilities. They should reflect all methods of communication including emergency procedures between home, school and the medical service. A procedure should also be included to explain how concerns arising from the



intimate care process will be dealt with.

#### 7. Links with Other Agencies

- 7.1 Positive links with other agencies will enable school based plans to take account of the knowledge, skills and expertise of other professionals and will ensure the child's well being and development remains paramount.
- 7.2 It is recommended good practice for the school nurse to be informed of all children requiring intimate care.

#### 8. Pupil Voice

- 8.1 Allow the child, subject to their age and understanding, to express a preference regarding the choice of his/her carer and sequence of care.
- 8.2 Agree appropriate terminology for private parts of the body and functions to be used by staff.
- 8.3 It may be possible to determine a child's wishes by observation of reactions to the intimate care.
- 8.4 Where there is any doubt that a child is able to make an informed choice on these issues, the child's parents are usually in the best position to act as advocates.
- 8.5 It is the responsibility of all staff caring for a child to ensure they are aware of the child's method and level of communication. Communication methods may include words, signs, symbols, body movements and eye pointing.
- 8.6 To ensure effective communication with the child, staff should ascertain the agreed method of communication and identify this in the agreed Intimate Care Plan.

#### 9. Recruitment

- 9.1 Parents must feel confident that relevant staff have been carefully vetted and trained helping to avoid potentially stressful areas of anxiety and conflict.
- 9.2 Recruitment and selection of candidates for posts involving intimate care should be made following the usual Disclosure and Barring Service check, equal opportunities and employment rights legislation.
- 9.3 Candidates should be made fully aware of what will be required and detailed in their job description before accepting the post.
- 9.4 Enquires should be made into any restrictions the candidates may have which will impede their ability to carry out the tasks involved. This will enable employers to identify and provide necessary support and adjustments that are practical.



- 9.5 Where possible, pupils may be involved in the recruitment process, dependent on their age and ability to understand.
- 9.6 It is recommended that candidates have an opportunity to meet the child with whom they will be working.
- 9.7 Wherever possible, staff should work with children of the same sex in providing intimate care respecting their personal dignity at all times.
- 9.8 Trained staff should be available to substitute and undertake specific intimate care tasks in the absence of the appointed person.
- 9.9 No employee can be required to provide intimate care. Intimate care can only be provided in school and foundation stage settings by those who have specifically indicated a willingness to do so, either as part of their agreed job description or other arrangements.

#### Senior staff members should be able to:

- Ensure that sensitive information about a child is only shared with those who need to know, such as parents, members of staff specifically involved with the child. Other personnel should only be given information that keeps the child safe.
- Consult parents about arrangements for intimate care
- Ensure staff are aware of the set procedures, the Child Protection Policy, Health & Safety Policy etc
- Ensure staff understand the needs of refugee children, asylum seekers and children from different racial and cultural backgrounds and specialist advice is sought when necessary
- Ensure staff know who to ask for advice if they are unsure or uncomfortable about a particular situation.
- Ensure staff know of a whole school approach to intimate care
- Wherever possible, avoid using staff involved in intimate care, in the delivery of sex
  education, as an additional safeguard to both staff and children involved. In addition
  identified staff members should be able to; access other procedures and policies regarding
  the welfare of the child e.g. Child Protection
- Identify and use a communication system that the child is most comfortable with.
- 'Read' messages a young child is trying to convey
- Communicate with and involve the child in the intimate care process
- Offer choices, wherever possible
- Develop, where possible, greater independence with the procedure of intimate care
- Maintain confidentiality with children who discuss elements of their intimate care unless it is a child protection issue when Child Protection Procedures must be followed.

#### 10. Environmental Advice

- 10.1 When children need intimate care facilities, reasonable adjustments will need to be made. Children who need intimate care will have access to the hygiene room, located in the Learning Support area.
- 10.2 Where children have long term incontinence or a disability requiring regular



intimate care, the school will require specially adapted facilities. Specialist advice from medical or therapy staff may be required when considering space, heating, ventilation and lighting.

#### 10.3 Additional considerations may include:

- Facilities with hot & cold running water
- Protective clothing including disposable protective gloves provided by the school
- Labelled bins for the disposal of wet & soiled nappies/pads (soiled items being 'double bagged' before being placed in bin)
- Waste for incineration (e.g. needles, catheters etc) -contact your District Council for further details.
- Supplies of suitable cleaning materials; anti-bacterial spray, sterilising fluid, deodorisers,
   Anti-bacterial hand wash
- Supplies of appropriate clean clothing, nappies, disposal bags and wipes
- Changing mat or changing bench
- An effective system should be identified to alert staff for help in Emergency

#### **11. Invasive Procedures**

11.1 It is recommended that two adults are present when invasive procedures are performed unless the parents have agreed to the presence of one adult only.

Whilst this may be seen as providing protection against a possible allegation against a member of staff, it further erodes the privacy of the child.

11.2 Schools should make arrangements to ensure that there is always a member of staff nearby when intimate care takes place.

#### 12. Vulnerability to Abuse

Children should be encouraged to recognise and challenge inappropriate assistance and behaviour that erodes their dignity and self worth. Staff should be encouraged to listen.

- 12.1 It is essential that all staff are familiar with the school's Child Protection Policy and procedures.
- 12.2 The following are factors that can increase a child's vulnerability:
  - Children who need help with intimate care are statistically more vulnerable to exploitation and abuse
  - Children with disabilities may have less control over their lives than others
  - Children do not always receive sex and relationship education and may therefore be less able to recognise abuse.
  - Children may experience multiple carers
  - Children may not be able to distinguish between intimate care and abuse
  - Children may not be able to communicate
- 12.3 If a child is hurt accidentally he or she should be immediately reassured and the adult should check that he or she is safe and the incident reported immediately to the designated line manager.
- 12.4 If a child appears sexually aroused, misunderstands or misinterprets an action/instruction, the incident should be reported immediately to the designated



line manager.

# 13. Allegations of Abuse

Personnel working in intimate situations with children can feel particularly vulnerable. The School policy can help to reassure both staff involved and the parents of vulnerable children.

- 13.1 Action should be taken immediately should there be a discrepancy of reports between a child and the personal assistant, particularly with reference to time spent alone together.
- 13.2 It is advised that the support role be changed as quickly as possible, should such a discrepancy occur, and then reviewed on a regular basis.
- 13.3 Where there is an allegation of abuse, the guidelines in the Hertfordshire Child Protection procedures should be followed.

#### 14. Toileting Procedures

- 14.1 If the toilet management plan has been agreed and signed by parents, children and staff involved, it is acceptable for only one member of staff to assist unless there is an implication for safe moving and handling of the child.
- 14.2 The plan should consider the following:
  - Location of the plan for reference, ensuring discretion and confidentiality
  - Location of recording procedures, ensuring discretion and confidentiality
  - Necessary equipment & waste disposal see environmental advice
  - Clear labelling of equipment and procedures e.g. wipe table after use



#### Appendix 1

MODEL POLICY FOR SCHOOLS

Kings Langley School Intimate Care Policy

#### Introduction

Kings Langley School is committed to ensuring that all staff responsible for the intimate care of children will undertake their duties in a professional manner at all times. We recognise that there is a need to treat all children with respect when intimate care is given. No child should be attended to in a way that causes distress, embarrassment or pain.

#### **Definition**

Intimate care is any care which involves washing, touching or carrying out an invasive procedure (such as cleaning up after a child has soiled him/herself) to intimate personal areas. In most cases such care will involve procedures to do with personal hygiene and the cleaning of equipment associated with the process as part of a staff member's duty of care. In the cases of specific procedure only staff suitably trained and assessed as competent should undertake the procedure, (e.g. the administration of rectal diazepam).

#### **Our Approach to Best Practice**

The management of all children with intimate care needs will be carefully planned. The child who requires intimate care is treated with respect at all times; the child's welfare and dignity are of paramount importance.

Staff who provide intimate care are trained to do so (including Child Protection and Moving and Handling) and are fully aware of best practice. Suitable equipment and facilities will be provided to assist with children who need special arrangements following assessment from physiotherapist/occupational therapist.

Staff will be supported to adapt their practice in relation to the needs of individual children taking into account developmental changes such as the onset of puberty and menstruation. Wherever possible staff who are involved in the intimate care of children will not usually be involved with the delivery of sex education to the children in their care as an additional safeguard to both staff and children involved.

The child will be supported to achieve the highest level of autonomy that is possible given their age and abilities. Staff will encourage each child to do as much for him/herself as he/she can. This may mean, for example, giving the child responsibility for washing themselves. Individual intimate care plans will be drawn up for particular children as appropriate to suit the circumstances of the child. Each child's right to privacy will be respected. Careful consideration will be given to each child's situation to determine how many carers might need to be present when a child is toileted. Where possible one child will be catered for by

one adult unless there is a sound reason for having more adults present. If this is the case, the reasons should be clearly documented.

Wherever possible staff should only care intimately for an individual of the same sex. However, in certain circumstances this principle may need to be waived where failure to provide appropriate care would result in negligence for example, female staff supporting boys in our school, as no male staff are available.



Intimate care arrangements will be discussed with parents/carers on a regular basis and recorded on the child's care plan. The needs and wishes of children and parents will be taken into account wherever possible within the constraints of staffing and equal opportunities legislation.

#### The Protection of Children

Child Protection Procedures and Multi-Agency Child Protection procedures will be adhered to All children will be taught personal safety skills carefully matched to their level of ability, development and understanding.

If a member of staff has any concerns about physical changes in a child's presentation, e.g. marks, bruises, soreness etc. s/he will immediately report concerns to the appropriate manager/ designated person for child protection.

If a child becomes distressed or unhappy about being cared for by a particular member of staff, the matter will be looked into and outcomes recorded.

Parents/carers will be contacted at the earliest opportunity as part of this process in order to reach a resolution. Staffing schedules will be altered until the issue(s) are resolved so that the child's needs remain paramount. Further advice will be taken from outside agencies if necessary.

If a child makes an allegation against a member of staff, all necessary procedures will be followed, and staff will refer to other policies the school may hold for clarification of practices and procedures.



# Appendix 2 Intimate Care plan

Name/Role	Address/phone/email Address Phone/email
Parents	
School nurse	
Continence advisor	
Physiotherapist	
Occupational therapies	
Hospital Consultant	
County council specialist	
Advisory teacher	
OILET MANAGEMENT PLAN	
Child's Name	DOB
Name of Support Staff Involved	
Area of need	
Equipment required:	
Location of suitable toilet facilities:	
Support required	Frequency of support

# **Working towards Independence**

Child will try to	Appointed person will	Target acheived



Review date						
Parents/Carer						
Child (if appropriate)						
Appointed person						
Senior Management/SENCo						
Date						



# Appendix 3 AGREEMENT RETWEEN CHILD AND APPOINTED PERSON

AGREEMENT BETWEEN CHILD AND APPOINTED PERSON			
Child's Name			
Appointed person's Name			
<b>Appointed person:</b> As the Appointed person helping you in the toilet you can expect me to do the following:			
<ul> <li>When I am the identified person I will stop what I am doing to help you in the toilet, as soon as you ask me. I will avoid all unnecessary delays.</li> <li>When you use our agreed emergency signal, I will stop what I am doing and come and</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>help.</li> <li>I will treat you with respect and ensure privacy and dignity at all times.</li> <li>I will ask permission before touching you or your clothing.</li> <li>I will check that you are as comfortable as possible, both physically and emotionally</li> <li>If I am working with a colleague to help you, I will ensure that we talk in a way that does not embarrass you.</li> <li>I will look and listen carefully if there is something you would like to change about your Toilet Management Plan.</li> </ul>			
<b>Child:</b> As the child who requires help in the toilet you can expect me to do the following:			
<ul> <li>I will try, whenever possible to let you know a few minutes in advance, that I am going to need the toilet so that you can make yourself available and be prepared to help me.</li> <li>I will try to use the toilet at break time or at the agreed times.</li> <li>I will only use the agreed emergency signal for real emergencies.</li> <li>I will tell you if I want you to stay in the room or stay with me in the toilet.</li> <li>I will tell you straight away if you are doing anything that makes me feel uncomfortable or embarrassed.</li> <li>I may talk to other trusted people about how you help me. They too will let you know what I would like to change.</li> </ul>			
We will review this agreement on			
Child			
Appointed person			



# Appendix 4

### PERMISSION FOR SCHOOLS TO PROVIDE INTIMATE CARE

I understand that; I give permission to the school to provide appropriate intimate care support to my child e.g. changing soiled clothing, washing and toileting.

I will advise the Headteacher/class teacher/SENCo/appointed person of any medical complaint my child may have which affects issues of intimate care.

Review date	
Parents/Carer	
r drents, earer	••••
Date	